Southampton City Council INVESTMENT STRATEGY

2021/22 - 2024/25

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	SECTION 1 – INTRODUCTION
1.1	Background
1.1.1	 The Authority invests its money for three broad purposes: because it has surplus cash as a result of its day-to-day activities, for example when income is received in advance of expenditure (known as treasury management investments), to support local public services by lending to or buying shares in other organisations (service investments), and to earn investment income (known as commercial investments where this is the main purpose). This investment strategy meets the requirements of statutory investment guidance issued by the government in January 2018, and focuses on the second and third of these categories.
	SECTION 2 - TREASURY MANAGEMENT INVESTMENTS
2.1	
2.1	Background
2.1.1	The Authority typically receives its income in cash (e.g. from taxes and grants) before it pays for its expenditure in cash (e.g. through payroll and invoices). It also holds reserves for future expenditure [and collects local taxes on behalf of other local authorities and central government]. These activities, plus the timing of borrowing decisions, lead to a cash surplus which is invested in accordance with guidance from the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy. The balance of treasury management investments is expected to be £40M at the end of 2021/22 financial year.
2.1.2	The contribution that these investments make to the objectives of the Authority is to support effective treasury management activities.
2.1.3	Full details of the Authority's policies and its plan for 2021/22 for treasury management investments are covered in a separate document, the treasury management strategy.
	SECTION 3 - SERVICE INVESTMENTS: LOANS
3.1	Background
3.1.1	The Council is able to lend money to its subsidiaries, its suppliers, local businesses, local charities, housing associations, local residents and its employees to support local public services and stimulate local economic growth.
3.2	Loan Limits
3.2.1	The main risk when making service loans is that the borrower will be unable to repay the principal lent and/or the interest due. In order to limit this risk, and ensure that total exposure to service loans remains proportionate to the size of the Authority, upper limits on the outstanding loans to each category of borrower have been set as in Table 1.

3.2.2	Table 1 – Loans for service p	ourposes £M		
	Category of Borrower	31.03.2020 Net showing in accounts	2021/22 Approved Limit	
	Subsidiaries	-	2.00	
	Suppliers	-	2.00	
	Other Public Sector Bodies	-	20.00	
	Charities	-	0.50	
3.2.3	Accounting standards requir reflecting the likelihood of no statement of accounts are sl makes every reasonable effo control arrangements in place	on-payment. The nown net of this ort to collect the	e figures for lo s loss allowanc e full sum lent	ans in the Authority's ce. However, the Authority and has appropriate credit
3.3	Potential Loan Criteria			
3.3.1	 the loan, and that ass A formal loan agreem repayment terms and mitigate any perceive 	of a wider strate een as pruden dity. Such loans d: ards expenditu penditure; h the loan is giv objectives and p ed out that com sesses the risk ent is put in pla loan rate (which d risks of a loss e account of sta	egy for local ed t if adopting a l s will be consid re which would ven is consiste priorities; firms the Coun of loss over the ace which stipu ch will be set a s being charge	conomic growth, even harrow definition of dered when all of the d, if incurred by the nt with the Council's cil's legal powers to make e loan term; llates the loan period,
	SECTION 4 - SERVICE INV	ESTMENTS: S	HARES	
4.1	Background			
4.1.1	The Council is able to invest businesses, local charities, h to support local public servic	nousing associa	ations, local re	sidents and its employees
4.1.2	One of the risks of investing initial outlay may not be reco material investment in share	overed. The Co	uncil does not	currently have any

	-			ndertake a ate Prudent			re enter	ing purchase
	SECTION	I 5 - COM	MERCIAL	INVESTM	ENTS: PR	OPERTY		
5.1	Backgrou	und						
5.1.1	property v services. commerci council se authority These pro	with the int Between 2 ial properti ervices, kn has purcha	ention of 1 2016 and 2 ies with th own as th ased 3 pro e expecte	making a pi 2017, SCC e expected e Property operties, de d to genera	rofit that w implemen return on investmer tails are s	vill be spent ited a strate	on loca egy to in t being u). To dat ble 2 bel	vest in used to fund te the ow.
5.1.2	Table 2: P	roperty Inv	estment Fu	ind £M			-	
	Property	Actual	31.03.2020	Actual	31.03.2021	Expected		Outstanding Debt 31.03.2021
		Purchase Cost	Value in Accounts	Cumulative Gain or (Loss)	Value in Accounts	Cumulative Gain or (Loss)	Change In Year	
	Property 1	6.47	6.30	(0.17)	5.21	(1.26)	(1.09)	5.92
	Property 2	14.69	10.80	(3.89)	10.33	(4.36)	(0.47)	13.45
	Property 3	8.53	8.39	(0.14)	8.73	0.20	0.34	7.80
		29.69	25.49	(4.20)	24.27	(5.42)	(1.22)	27.17
5.1.3	historic pr Informatic not requir 31 March end valua however t valuations investmer be a signi quantified The Valua and monit total portf	operty point on relating ed by loca 2020 was ation of inve- there was adue to the ficant COV ficant COV ficant and ficant ation and ficant of the olio was £	tfolio. to purcha l authority £92.66M estment p a £15M ye e Valuer r es as at 3 /ID-19 im Estates se he portfolio 8.4M com	se price an legislation a decrease roperty was ear-on-year naking a sli 1 March 20 pact on the ction are re o (including pared to £8	d any ass The fair of £15.5I not signit reduction 20. Howe 31 March esponsible PIF) and 3.03M in 2	ociated deb value of the M from the ficantly imp in investm prudent a ver, it is ant 2021 value for the ong for 2019/20 018/19.	ot is not se prop year bef acted by ent prop ssessmi icipated es which poing ma	ent of that there wi is yet to be anagement ome for the
5.1.4	programn with expe rules for le	ne to explo cted purch ending from	ore the opp nases to si m the Pub	bortunities a tart from 20	available f 20/21. Hc Board to fir		roperty owing ch	investment, nanges to the

5.2	Security
5.2.1	In accordance with government guidance, the Council considers a property investment to be secure if its accounting valuation is at or higher than the amount of debt currently outstanding for the asset. As can be seen from the table above the fair value assessment of these properties at the 31 March 2021 is expected to be below the purchase price, this was partly due to cost associated with the purchase (£1.79M) which in line with the MRP policy in place at the time, was charged to revenue in 2017/18. Debt repayments are now being made on the annuity basis and debt will reduce by approximately £0.25M per annum.
5.2.2	Table 2 also shows that the values of Properties 1 and 2 are expected to drop further in 2020/21 due to the further recent downturn in the retail sector largely due to COVID-19. This means that the fair value will likely fall below the outstanding debt by £3.83M. As this is outside of the current policy, consideration will need to be given to the future of these assets, bearing in mind that a disposal would be likely to incur a large financial loss to the Council. However, whilst the properties are still providing a positive income yield, it makes no financial sense to dispose of the properties in the current economic climate, the Council will continue to closely monitor the situation and report any further concerns through the relevant committees.
5.3	Risk Assessment
5.3.1	The council assesses the risk of loss before purchasing investment property and monitors both the fair value and the return on the assets to assess the benefits of either retaining or disposing of the assets.
5.3.2	Budgeted investment income allows for voids and maintenance costs, which are reviewed as part of budget monitoring on individual properties to ensure they continue to provide the correct level of risk management.
5.4	Liquidity
5.4.1	Compared with other investment types, property is relatively difficult to sell and convert to cash at short notice, and can take a considerable period to sell in certain market conditions. Therefore, in order to assess liquidity, the Council monitors the income stream attached to property purchases, a much more liquid asset, comparing budgets to forecasts and actuals. Since purchasing the PIF properties actual income has and continues to be in line with the budgeted figure and there are no current indicators to suggest that the forecast future income will not be achieved. If there is any change this would be reported as part of the revenue financial monitoring process.
	SECTION 6 - CAPACITY AND SKILLS
6.1	Elected members and statutory officers
6.1.1	CIPFA's Code of Practice requires the CFO to ensure that all Members tasked with TM responsibilities, including scrutiny of the TM function, receive appropriate training relevant to their needs and understand fully their roles and responsibilities.

	Treasury training is offered to all memb advisors, Arlingclose, this was last und				
	Further training is also provided if the n in leadership and the makeup of Gover as part of Members induction Arlingclos training session. We would also arrang material change in the Treasury Strates that Members understand what they ar	need arises, for mance committe se provided an e additional trai gy, explaining th	example there ee changed d introduction to ining if there w he reasoning	e was a chang luring 2018, so o treasury was to be a	•
	For Officers the Council adopts a contin programme to ensure staff are regularly addressed. Relevant staff also attend r workshops which ensure their knowled are maintained as part of the performan	y appraised and egular training ge is up to date	d any training sessions, sen e. Details of tr	needs ninars and raining receive	ed
6.2	Commercial deals				
6.2.1	The Property Investment Fund, original has been withdrawn from the capital pr Government that prevent any further in	ogramme follow	wing rule char		9,
	Capital spending plans will need to be a the S151 officer provide assurance that investment of assets primarily for yield authority will continue to be carefully m	t the council wil gain. Existing i	II not be unde nvestments h	rtaking	
	The Council has an experienced in-hou manage the process and the day-to-da of external experts will be employed wh acquisition, disposal or performance ma	y management here specialist k	of any invest	ments. The us required in the	
	SECTION 7 - INVESTMENT INDICAT	ORS			
7.1	Background				
7.1.1	The Authority has set the following qua and the public to assess the Authority's investment decisions.				ers
7.2	Total Risk Exposure				
7.2.1	This indicator shows the Authority's tota This includes amounts the Authority is to be drawn down and guarantees the	contractually co	ommitted to le	nd but have ye	et
7.2.2	Table 3:Total investment exposure £M				
	Total Investment Exposure	31.03.2020 Actual	31.03.2021 Forecast	31.03.2022 Forecast	
	Treasury management investments	61.2	40.0	40.0	
	Service investments: Loans	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Commercial Investments: PIF	27.4	27.2	26.9	

7.3	How Investments are Fund	ded					
7.3.1	Government guidance is that these indicators should include how investments are funded. Since the Authority does not normally associate particular assets with particular liabilities, this guidance is difficult to comply with. However, the following investments could be described as being funded by borrowing. The remainder of the Authority's investments are funded by usable reserves and income received in advance of expenditure.						
7.3.2	Table 4: Investments funded b	y borrowing	and loan to	value i	ratio		
	Investment funded by borrowing	2019/20 Forecast	2019/20 Actual	Loan to Value Ratio	2020/21 Forecast	Loan to Value Ratio	2021/22 Forecast
		£M	£М	%	£M	%	£М
	Commercial Investments: Property	27.4	27.4	108	27.2	112	26.9
	Service investments: Loans The maximum loan to value was to fall below the outstar and the authority would look investment.	nding loan v	value then	this wo	ould be repo	orted to	asset Council
7.4	The maximum loan to value was to fall below the outstar and the authority would look	indicator is	s set at 100 value then	this wo	e fair value ould be repo	orted to	asset Council
7.4 7.4.1	The maximum loan to value was to fall below the outstar and the authority would look investment.	indicator is nding loan to take ste estment ing, as a pr vernment a	s set at 100 value then eps to asse come receir roportion of accounting f	this wo ess the ved les the de framev	e fair value ould be repo viability of ss the asso obt outstand vork, not all	ciated co ding. No	asset Council the osts, te that
	The maximum loan to value was to fall below the outstar and the authority would look investment. Rate of return received This indicator shows the inv including the cost of borrow due to the complex local go	indicator is nding loan to take ste estment ind ing, as a pr vernment a ue account	s set at 100 value then eps to asse come recein coportion of accounting t in the year	this wo ess the ved les the de framev	e fair value ould be repo viability of ss the asso obt outstand vork, not all	ciated co ding. No	asset Council the osts, te that
7.4.1	The maximum loan to value was to fall below the outstar and the authority would look investment. Rate of return received This indicator shows the inv including the cost of borrow due to the complex local go and losses affect the revenue	indicator is nding loan to take ste estment ind ing, as a pr vernment a ue account turn (net of a	s set at 100 value then eps to asse come recein coportion of accounting t in the year	this wo ess the ved les the de framew they a	e fair value ould be repo viability of ss the asso obt outstand vork, not all	ciated co ding. No	asset Council the osts, te that ed gains 2
7.4.1	The maximum loan to value was to fall below the outstar and the authority would look investment. Rate of return received This indicator shows the invincluding the cost of borrow due to the complex local go and losses affect the revenu <i>Table 5: Investment rate of return</i>	indicator is nding loan to take ste estment ind ing, as a pr vernment a ue account turn (net of a	s set at 100 value then eps to asse come receir roportion of accounting f in the year all costs) 2019/20	this wo ess the ved les the de framew they a	e fair value ould be repo viability of es the asso ebt outstand vork, not all re incurred	ciated co ding. No recorde	Council the osts, te that ed gains 2 ast
7.4.1	The maximum loan to value was to fall below the outstar and the authority would look investment. Rate of return received This indicator shows the invincluding the cost of borrow due to the complex local go and losses affect the revenue <i>Table 5: Investment rate of return</i> <i>Investment net rate of return</i> <i>Property 1</i>	indicator is nding loan to take ste estment ind ing, as a pr vernment a ue account turn (net of a	s set at 100 value then eps to asse come receir oportion of in the year all costs) 2019/20 Actual %	this works the ved less the definition of the de	e fair value ould be repo viability of ss the asso bt outstand vork, not all re incurred 2020/21 Forecast % 2.29	ciated co ding. No recorde 2021/2 Foreca	asset Council the osts, te that ed gains 2 st 2.04
7.4.1	The maximum loan to value was to fall below the outstar and the authority would look investment. Rate of return received This indicator shows the invincluding the cost of borrow due to the complex local go and losses affect the revenue <i>Table 5: Investment rate of return</i> <i>Property 1</i> <i>Property 2</i>	indicator is nding loan to take ste estment ind ing, as a pr vernment a ue account turn (net of a	s set at 100 value then eps to asse come receir oportion of in the year all costs) 2019/20 Actual %	this wo ess the ved les the de framew they a 2.27 2.16	e fair value ould be repo viability of ss the asso bt outstand vork, not all re incurred 2020/21 Forecast % 2.29 2.18	ciated co ding. No recorde 2021/2 Foreca	asset Council the osts, te that ed gains 2 ast 2.04 1.98
7.4.1	The maximum loan to value was to fall below the outstar and the authority would look investment. Rate of return received This indicator shows the invincluding the cost of borrow due to the complex local go and losses affect the revenue <i>Table 5: Investment rate of return</i> <i>Investment net rate of return</i> <i>Property 1</i>	indicator is nding loan to take ste estment ind ing, as a pr vernment a ue account turn (net of a	s set at 100 value then eps to asse come receir oportion of in the year all costs) 2019/20 Actual %	this works the ved less the definition of the de	e fair value ould be repo viability of ss the asso bt outstand vork, not all re incurred 2020/21 Forecast % 2.29	ciated co ding. No recorde 2021/2 Foreca	asset Council the osts, te that ed gains 2 st 2.04